

# EXEMPLAR PROBLEMS IN BIOLOGY - CLASS XI (Corrections in the questions)

## Chapter 1

# The Living World

Multiple Choice Questions

- 3. The term 'systematics' refer to:
  - a. Identification and study of organ systems
  - b. Identification and preservation of plants and animals
  - c. Diversity of kinds of organisms and their relationship
  - d. Study of habitats of organisms and their classification

#### Chapter 2

## **Biological Classification**

Multiple Choice Questions

8. Associations between Mycobiont and Phycobiont are found in

## Chapter 3

## Plant Kingdom

Multiple Choice Questions

2. Fusion of two motile gametes which are dissimilar in size is termed as

#### Chapter 4

# **Animal Kingdom**

Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. In some animal groups, the body is found divided into compartments with serial repetition of at least some organs. This characteristic feature is called
- 2. Given below are types of cells present in some animals. Which of the following cells can differentiate to perform different functions?

5.

- b. Pneumatic bones
- d. Warm blooded

7.

b. Asterias exhibits radial symmetry

#### 13. Column B

- i. Canal system
- ii. Water-vascular system
- iii. Muscular pharynx
- iv. Jointed appendages
- v. Metameres

#### Chapter 5

## Morphology of Flowering Plants

Multiple Choice Questions

6

a. Coconut

#### Chapter 6

## **Anatomy of Flowering Plants**

Multiple Choice Questions

- 4. Identify the simple tissue from among the following -
- 14. In conifers, fibres are likely to be absent in

## Chapter 7

## **Structural Organisation in Animals**

Multiple Choice Questions

- 4. Delete the question
- 5. Setae help in locomotion in earthworm but are not uniformly present in all the segments. They are present in

#### Chapter 8

#### Cell: The Unit of Life

Multiple Choice Questions

- 4. Which of the following stains is not used for staining chromosomes?
  - a. Basic Fuchsin
  - b. Safranin
  - c. Methylene green
  - d. Carmine

Ans:- b. Safranin

- 5. Options:
  - a. i, iv, iii, ii
  - b. i, iii, iv, ii
  - c. ii, i, iii, iv
  - d. iii, ii, i, iv
- 6. Which of the following features is common to prokaryotes and many eukaryotes?
  - a. Chromatin material present
  - b. Cell wall present
  - c. Nuclear membrane present
  - d. Membrane-bound sub-cellular organelles present

10.

a. Cell wall is made up of peptidoglycans

c. Presence of thylakoids

## Chapter 9

#### **Biomolecules**

Multiple Choice Questions

- 3. Aminoacids have both an amino group and a carboxyl group in their structure. Which amongst the following is an amino acid?
  - a. Formic acid
  - b. Glycerol
  - c. Glycolic acid
  - d. Glycine
- 4. An aminoacid under certain conditions have both positive and negative charges simultaneously in the same molecule. Such a form of aminoacid is called
  - a. Acidic form
  - b. Basic form
  - c. Aromatic form
  - d. Zwitterionic form
- 5. Which os the following sugars have the same number of carbon as present in glucose?
- 6. An acid soluble compound formed by phosphorylation of nucleoside is called
- 9. A homopolymer has only one type of building block called monomer repeated 'n' number of times. A heteropolymer has more than one type of monomer. Proteins are heteropolymers usually made of
  - c. 30 types of monomers
- 13. The primary structure of a protein molecule has
- 14. Which of the following reactions is not enzyme-mediated in biological system?

#### Chapter 10

## Cell Cycle and Cell Division

Multiple Choice Questions

1. Meiosis in diploid organisms results in

5.

d. Pairing of homologous chromosomes

#### Chapter 11

## **Transport in Plants**

Multiple Choice Questions

7.

- a. accumulated
- b. bound to cell wall



#### 11.

## Options:

- a. A-ii, B-iv, C-v, D-i, E-iii
- b. A-iii, B-ii, C-iv, D-i, E-v
- c. A-i, B-ii, C-iii, D-ii, E-v
- d. A-v, B-iv, C-iii, D-ii, E-i
- 12. Mark the mismatched pair.
  - a. Amyloplast : store protein granule
  - b. Elaioplast : store oils or fats
  - c. Chloroplasts : contain chlorophyll pigments
  - d. Chromoplasts: contain coloured pigments other than chlorophyll

## Chapter 12

#### **Mineral Nutrition**

Multiple Choice Questions

2.

b. essential element concentration below which plant growth becomes enhanced.

#### Chapter 13

# Photosynthesis in Higher Plants

Multiple Choice Questions

4. Which light range is least effective in photosynthesis?

## Chapter 14

# **Respiration in Plants**

Multiple Choice Questions

6. Delete the question

#### Chapter 15

#### Plant Growth and Development

Multiple Choice Questions

2. Coconut water contains

8.

b. Plant development is dependent on the environment

## Chapter 16

# **Digestion and Absorption**

Multiple Choice Questions

9.

d. Secretion of hormone called gastrin

10.

c. Enterokinase is secreted by pancreas

#### Chapter 17

## **Breathing and Exchange of Gases**

Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. Respiration in insects is called direct because
  - a. The cells exchange O<sub>2</sub>/ CO<sub>2</sub> directly with the air in the tubes
- 2. Which of the following does not occur during breathing?
  - b. Brings the air to body temperature

4.

d. It increases O<sub>2</sub> transport

8.

- d. Diaphragm and intercostal muscles
- 13. From the following relationships between respiratory volume and capacities, mark the correct option

#### Chapter 18

#### **Body Fluids and Circulation**

Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. Which of the following cells does not exhibit phagocytic activity?
- 7. Which one of the following types of cells lack nucleus in humans?
  - d. Erythrocytes
- 10. Agranulocytes responsible for immune response of the body are

#### Chapter 19

#### **Excretory Products and their Elimination**

Multiple Choice Questions

3. Which of the following statements is correct?

6.

- a. D-i, C-ii, B-iii, A-iv
- b. B-i, D-ii, A-iii, C-iv
- c. D-i, C-ii, A-iii, B-iv
- d. B-i, C-ii, A-iii, D-iv



#### Chapter 20

#### **Locomotion and Movement**

Multiple Choice Questions

7. Which one of the following pairs is incorrect?

a. Hinge joint : between humerus and pectoral girdle

b. Pivot joint : between atlas and axisc. Gliding joint : between the carpals

d. Saddle joint : between carpals metacarpals of thumb